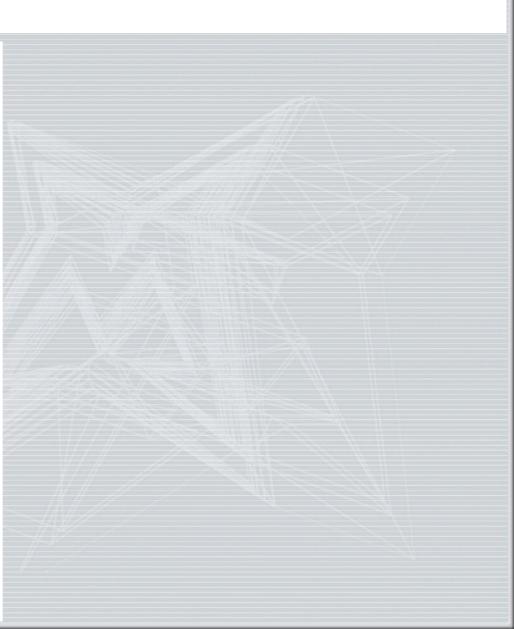
## **INSTRUCTIONS**

## **GENERAL RULES**

- 1. Where specified, assemble and disassemble the suspension system using the **MARZOCCHI** special tools only.
- 2. On reassembling the suspension system, always use new seals.
- 3. Clean all metal parts with a special, preferably biodegradable, solvent such as trichloroethane or trichloroethylene.
- Before reassembling, lubricate all parts in contact with each other using silicone fat spray or specific seal oil.
- 5. Always grease the conic seal rings before reassembling.6. Use wrenches with metric size only.
  - Wrenches with inch size might damage the fastening devices even when their size is similar to that of the wrenches in metric size.



	FAILURES, CAUSES AND REMEDIES  This paragraph reports some troubles that may occur when using the fork. It also indicates possible causes and suggests a remedy. Always refer to this table before doing any repair work.		
Shiver SC	FAILURES	CAUSES	REMEDIES
	Oil leaking through the dust seal.	1. Oil seal is worn out 2. Stanchion tube is scored 3. Excessive dirt on slider oil seal	<ol> <li>Replace oil seal</li> <li>Replace oil seal and stanchion tube/ wheel shaft pinch bolt assembly</li> <li>Clean the oil seal seat and replace oil seal and dust seal</li> </ol>
	Oil leaking through wheel shaft pinch bolt	O-ring seal on the cartridge nut is damaged	Replace the O-ring seal
	Fork has not been used for some time and is locked out	Oil seals and dust seals tend to stick to stanchion tube	Raise dust seal and lubricate stanchion tube, oil seal and dust seal
	Fork compresses and/or rebounds too fast even though the adjuster is set to hardest damping position	Hydraulic cartridge is faulty	Replace hydraulic cartridge
	Adjuster position does not affect fork operation	Dirt inside legs	Clean carefully and change oil
	Excessive play of stanchions into the sliders	Main slider bushings are worn	Replace main slider bushings
	Fork does not react to rebound lock	LH fork cartridge faulty	Replace hydraulic cartridge

## RECOMMENDATIONS FOR MAINTENANCE

**MARZOCCHI** forks are based on advanced technology, supported by year-long experience in the field of professional mountain biking. In order to achieve best results, we recommend to check and clean the area below the dust seal and the stanchion tube after each use and lubricate with silicone

In general, **MARZOCCHI** forks can offer top performance from the start. However, in some cases a short running-in period is required (5-10 hours) for inner adjustments. This running-in period will make fork life longer and ensure fork top performance over time.

**IMPORTANT:** change oil at least every 100 working hours.

SG

**Polished** forks should be cleaned with bodywork **polish** at regular intervals in order to preserve their original finish.

#### INSTALLATION

Installing the fork on a bicycle is a very delicate operation that should be carried out with extreme care. The installation should always be checked by one of our Technical Service Centers.

**WARNING:** Steer tube/headset mounting and adjustment must be carried out in compliance with the headset manufacturer's instructions. Improper installation may jeopardize the safety of the rider.

To replace it, contact one of our Technical Service Centers with the required tools.

**WARNING:** In case of improper installation of the steer tube into the crown, the rider might lose control of his/her bicycle, thus jeopardizing his/her safety.

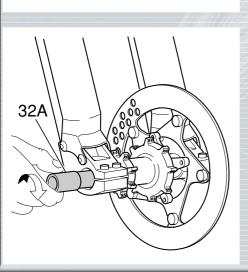
#### **DISC BRAKE SYSTEM ASSEMBLY**

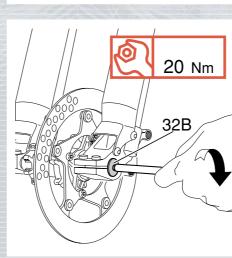
Assembling the brake caliper onto the wheel shaft pinch bolt is a very delicate operation that should be carried out with extreme care.

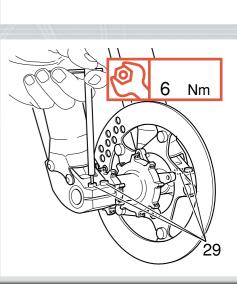
care.
Improper assembly might overstress the caliper supports which might break.
When installing the disc brake system, be sure to properly follow the instructions given by the manufacturer.

#### FITTING WHEEL

- Insert the complete wheel assembly between the legs and fit the wheel shaft (32A) into the wheel shaft pinch bolt from the right hand side; push down until it stops against the wheel hub.
- Tighten the wheel shaft screw (32B) onto the LH to the specified torque.
- Compress the fork several times so the legs will become properly seated onto wheel shaft. Lock the screws (29) in the wheel shaft pinch bolts to the specified torque.





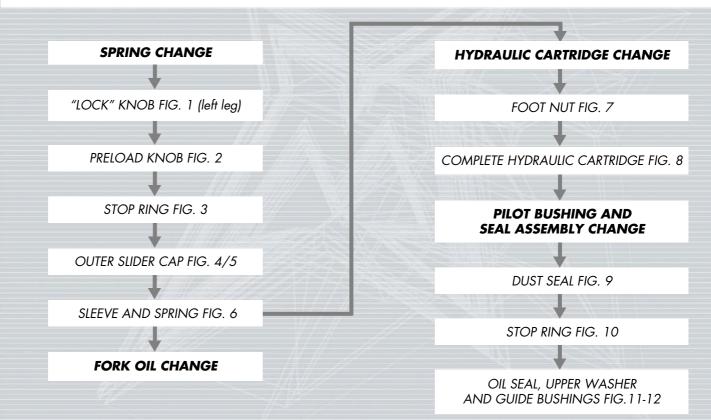


## **DISASSEMBLY**

#### GENERAL

- The reference numbers given in this section relate to the components shown in the forks exploded view.
- Before starting any operation, please read the diagram below. It shows the quickest procedure and the exact sequence in which it should be disassembled. Locate the part you need to remove in the diagram, then look at the arrows to determine which other parts you will need to remove first.

## DISASSEMBLY DIAGRAM



## ADJUSTMENTS SPRING PRELOAD

The spring preload determines COMPRES-SION damping and can be adjusted by turning the knob (19) on top of the fork legs. From the factory the fork is set at minimum preload, i.e. the adjustment knob completely unscrewed counterclockwise. However, the springs are slightly preloaded to help counteract static loads. By turning the adjustment knob clockwise, the preload is increased up to the maximum value equal to 15 mm's of spring preload. This adjustment is essential in order to have the right fork response for the rider's weight and riding style.

## REBOUND ADJUSTMENT (only right leg)

The right fork leg is equipped with an adjuster screw (9) for REBOUND damping. Turning this adjuster clockwise into the cartridge rod, changes the hydraulic setting of the inner valves. In short, the amount of adjustment applied on the piston in the fluid determines the rate of damping. To adjust, always start from the minimum

To adjust, always start from the minimum damping setting, i.e. unscrew completely counterclockwise. About 8 turns - abt. 4 mm of the adjustment - are possible.

## REBOUND LIMITER (only left leg)

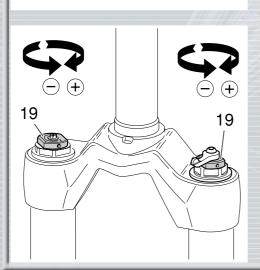
In case of hard uphill path, fork leg rebound can be locked for improved behavior. Position the knob (35) on l.h. fork leg top

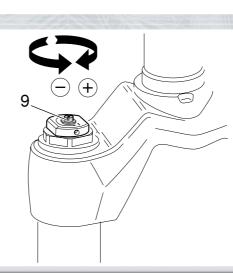
to "LOCK" to lock rebound limit in this position; this also allows to decrease fork leg height for optimal attitude uphill, thus supporting suspension compression operation.

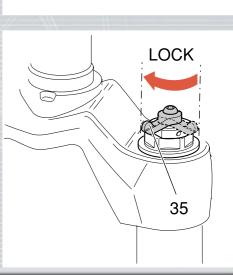
Reposition the knob to its original position so that the fork will rebound and restart to work as before.

**WARNING:** do not position to "LOCK" when riding downhill as available travel might not be enough, thus jeopardizing rider's safety









Loosen dowels (21) fastening the preload small screwdriver. limiting knob (35). knobs by means of a 1.5 mm Allen wrench. Remove the knobs from the caps. **WARNING:** never use the fork without upper cap otherwise the stanchion might detach from its slider. Shiver SG 19 21 36 35 20.

FIG. 2

preload.

Set knob (19) of both legs to minimum

**SPRING CHANGE** 

FIG. 1 (only left leg)

Loosen screw (36) and remove rebound

FIG. 3

Remove preload knob support (9) stop

rings (20) from the top of the cap using a

socket wrench. chion tubes. remove the upper washer (25), the preload Remove the caps complete with O-ring Lock the check nut (8) and remove the cap sleeve (17) or (46) and the spring (18). (23) from the outer sliders. Remove all parts and let all the oil drain into (22) from hydraulic cartridge top (9). the fork leg. By following this procedure, there is no need to check the oil level. Make all necessary changes. Shiver SG 25 17-46 22 9

Push down the outer sliders onto the stan-

FIG. 6

Push the stanchion tubes into the sliders and

FIG. 5

FIG. 4

Unscrew the caps (22) with a 21 mm

## **REMOVING HYDRAULIC CARTRIDGE** FIG. 7 Let all the oil drain out.



**WARNING:** dispose of exhausted oil in compliance with current laws.

To change the fork leg oil follow the procedure as described at section FILLING WITH OIL. Turn the stanchion tube upside-down and

unscrew the foot nut (1) complete with Oring (2) using a 15 mm socket wrench.

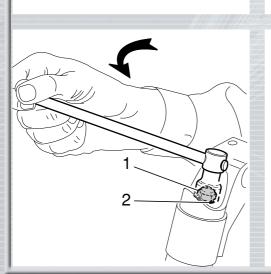
FIG. 8

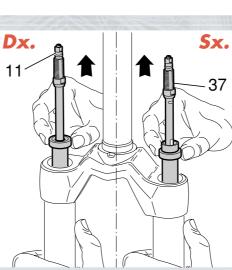
Pull the hydraulic cartridges (11) or (37) out of the stanchion tube. Replace the whole hydraulic cartridges.

**ASSEMBLY CHANGE** FIG. 9 Remove dust seal (16) on end of outer slider (27) using a small screwdriver.

PILOT BUSHING AND SEAL

**CAUTION:** make sure not to score the stanchions (3) and (30) while removing the dust seal.





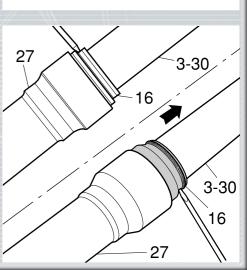


FIG. 10 Slide out stop ring (15) using the same screwdriver. **CAUTION:** make sure not to damage the slider inner side and the stanchion while removing the stop ring. Shiver SG

FIG. 11

moved from the slider.

Slide out outer slider (27) from the stanchion (3) or (30). Pull components apart with strength. The seal ring (14), cap (13) and guide bushing (12) will be thus re-

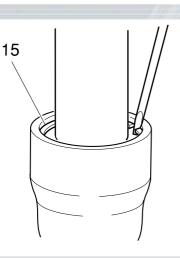
FIG. 12

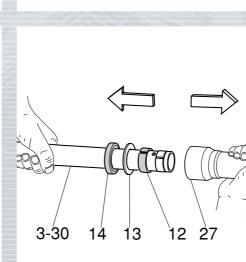
Insert the tip of a flat screwdriver into the bushing slot to lever and remove guide bushing (40) from stanchion.

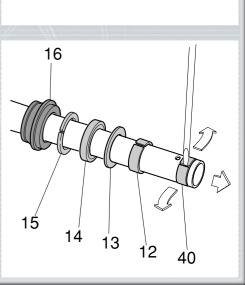
**CAUTION:** make sure not to score the stanchion while removing the bushing.

Then remove guide bushing (12), cap (13), seal ring (14), stop ring (15) and dust seal (16) from stanchion. **CAUTION:** Do not reassemble the seal

rings you have removed. Before reassembly, check guide bushings for wear: replace if they show signs of scoring or scratches.







## **PILOT BUSHING AND SEAL ASSEMBLY** FIG. 13 Protect the stanchion (3) and (30) end with seals. Shiver SG

FIG. 14

Remove adhesive tape and clean-off any

glue. Insert the screwdriver tip into the guide bushing slot (40) to fit it on the stanchion: drive it on its location by hand.

FIG. 15

Install the stanchion (3) and (30) with bushing into the outer slider (27) with max. care. Drive guide bushing (12), cap (13) and seal ring (14) manually until they contact the outer slider.

adhesive tape in order not to damage the Follow this sequence to fit the components on the stanchion: dust seal (16) first, then stop ring (15), seal ring (14), cap (13) and guide bushing (12).

16 3-30

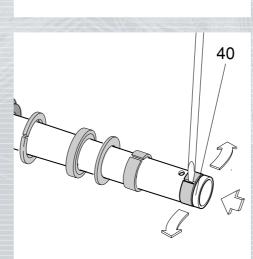
**CAUTION:** before reassembling, clean all

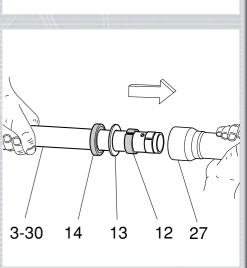
metal parts carefully with inflammable and

biodegradable solvent and dry them with

REASSEMBLY

compressed air.





Shiver SG 3-30

FIG. 16

Fit tool (A) onto stanchion (3) and (30)

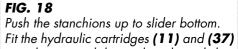
and use it to drive home guide bushing

(12), cap (13) and seal ring (14).

FIG. 17

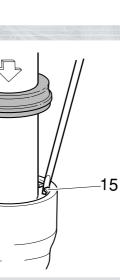
16

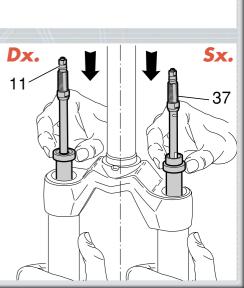
Fit stop ring (15). Make sure it is perfectly positioned into the outer slider groove and also not to score the stanchion. Refit the dust seal (16).



into the outer slider and push until they reach the bottom of stanchion.

**HYDRAULIC CARTRIDGE RE-FITTING** 





# Shiver SG

## HOW TO FILL WITH OIL FIG. 20

Pour the oil little by little when the outer

sliders are fully down and then pump with the cartridges (11) and (37) rod so as to

position.

Cartridge is full when no air is detected

when pumping, in the completely closed

Check that oil level is 25 mm from the top of the outer slider in both fork legs.

11-37

25

have a better filling.

**RE-ASSEMBLING SPRING AND** 

Fit spring (18), preload sleeve (17) or

(46), and upper washer (25) in each fork

25

**UPPER CAP** 

17-46

18

FIG. 21



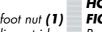












and screw the nut on the hydraulic cartridge

threaded end.

stroke.

Tighten to specified torque. Pump stanchion up and down several times

Grease the O-ring (2) on the foot nut (1)

to make sure it slides properly through the

FIG. 19

position.

FIG. 22 FIG. 23 Move the plunger (24, see exploded view),

in the cap (22), to the minimum preload

FIG. 24 Fit the stop ring (20) of the preload knob support and make sure it is properly seated into place.

Screw the cap (22) on preload knob support top (9) until it rests against the check nut (8).

Lock the check nut (8) on cap (22) with the wrenches used for disassembling.

Lift the slider and start the caps (22) onto the threads by hand. Tighten the caps to 20 Nm.

**WARNING:** never use the fork without upper cap otherwise the stanchion might detach from its slider.

Shiver SG

